INVENTOR SEARCH

=> d ibib abs hitstr 16 1-6

ANSWER 1 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN 2008:428664 HCAPLUS Full-text ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 149:531193

TITLE: Breakthrough of immune self-tolerance to calreticulin

induced by CpG-oligodeoxynucleotides as

adjuvant

Abe, Kazumichi; Ohira, Hiromasa; Kobayashi, AUTHOR(S):

Hiroko; Saito, Hironobu; Takahashi, Atsushi; Rai, Tsuyoshi; Kanno, Yukiko; Monoe, Kyoko; Watanabe,

Hiroshi; Irisawa, Atsushi; Sato, Yukio

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Internal Medicine II, Fukushima Medical

University School of Medicine, Fukushima, 960-1295, Japan

SOURCE:

Fukushima Journal of Medical Science (2007), 53(2), 95-108

CODEN: FJMSAU; ISSN: 0016-2590 PUBLISHER: Fukushima Society of Medical Science

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: English

AB

Reportedly, bacterial DNA containing unmethylated cytosine-guanosine dinucleotide motif-containing oligodeoxynucleotides (CpG-ODNs) can induce Th1type adjuvant effects. The authors produced autoantibodies and induced hepatitis in mice using extracted proteins from human hepatocytes with CpG-ODNs as adjuvant. Western blot anal. was performed of sera from immunized mice and two patients with autoimmune hepatitis (AIH). When a common band was detected, N-terminal amino acid sequencing was performed to determine its site. For detection of antibodies against the identified protein (calreticulin), ELISA was performed of sera of 50 patients with AIH: 45 with primary biliary cirrhosis (PBC), 24 with chronic hepatitis C (CH), and 24 healthy controls. Mice were immunized with calreticulin protein with CpG-ODNs as adjuvant. Several reacted bands were detected in their sera; in addition, a common band to the sera of patients with AIH was detected at 60 kDa. Subsequent N-terminal amino acid sequencing revealed that the protein was human calreticulin. ELISA showed that, of patients with AIH, PBC, and CH, 30.0% (15/50), 17.8% (8/45), and 12.5% (3/24), resp., were pos. for anticalreticulin antibodies. Splenocytes from immunized mice produced IFN-v after they were pulsed with calreticulin protein. Histol. analyses of liver specimens taken from mice immunized with calreticulin protein together with CpG-ODNs showed spotty and focal necrosis. Immunofluorescence anal. showed increased expression of calreticulin in the liver treated with CpG-ODNs. These results suggest that a breakthrough of immune self-tolerance to calreticulin is induced with CpG-ODNs as adjuvant and that calreticulin

9000-86-6, Alanine aminotransferase

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (immune self-tolerance to calreticulin induced by CpG-ODNs as adiuvant)

RN 9000-86-6 HCAPLUS

CN Aminotransferase, alanine (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

REFERENCE COUNT: 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 2 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

protein might be a target antigen in this model.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:428663 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 149:926

TITLE: Inhibitory oligodeoxynucleotide improves glomerulonephritis and prolongs survival in

MRL-lpr/lpr mice

AUTHOR(S): Hoshi, Namiko; Watanabe, Hiroshi; Kobayashi, Biroko; Sekine, Hideharu; Hoshi, Nobuo; Sugino,

Takashi; Suzuki, Toshimitsu; Sato, Yukio;

Ohira, Hiromasa

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Internal Medicine II, Fukushima Medical

University, Fukushima, 960-1295, Japan

SOURCE: Fukushima Journal of Medical Science (2007), 53(2),

70-84

CODEN: FJMSAU; ISSN: 0016-2590

PUBLISHER: Fukushima Society of Medical Science

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Landougues:

AB Inhibitory oligodeoxynucleotides (ODNs), which are capable of blocking CpGinduced inflammation, have been anticipated to be beneficial therapeutic
agents for autoimmune diseases. In this study, we show that GpC ODN, which
inverted the cytosine guanine sequence of CpG motif to guanine cytosine
sequence, is an inhibitory ODN. The inhibitory effects of GpC ODN on CpG ODNinduced immune activation were confirmed by cytokine assay using splenocytes
from lupus-prone MRL-lpr/lpr mice. In vivo, injecting MRL-lpr/lpr mice with
GpC ODN did not reduce the deposition of IgG and C3 in the glomeruli, the
serum level of IL-12, the serum level of rheumatoid factors and anti-ds DNA
antibody, or alter the composition of IgG isotypes of anti-ds DNA antibody.
However, the mice in the GpC group showed less proteinuria, significantly
lower blood urea nitrogen levels (SUN) and significantly prolonged survival.
The results suggest that inhibitory ODNs, such as GpC ODN, have the potential
to become a treatment for autoimmune diseases, like lupus nephritis.

IT 848512-14-1, CpG 1668

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(inhibitory oligodeoxynucleotide improved glomerulonephritis and prolonged survival in MRI-lpr/lpr mouse which is murine model of systemic luous erythematosus)

848512-14-1 HCAPLUS

CN DNA, d(P-thio)(T-C-C-A-T-G-A-C-G-T-T-C-C-T-G-A-T-G-C-T) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

IT 57-13-6, Urea, biological studies

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(inhibitory oligodeoxynucleotide reduced blood urea nitrogen level in
MRL-lpt/lor mouse)

RN 57-13-6 HCAPLUS

CN Urea (CA INDEX NAME)

H2N_U_NH2

RN

REFERENCE COUNT: 41 THERE ARE 41 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 3 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS On STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1087237 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:101946

TITLE: Role of CpG ODN in concanavalin A-induced

hepatitis in mice

AUTHOR(S): Abe, Kazumichi; Ohira, Hiromasa; Kobavashi,

Hiroko; Rai, Tsuyoshi; Saito, Hironobu;

Takahashi, Atsushi; Sato, Yukio CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Internal Medicine II, Fukushima Medical

University School of Medicine, Fukushima, 960-1295,

Japan

SOURCE: Fukushima Journal of Medical Science (2005), 51(1),

41-49

CODEN: FJMSAU; ISSN: 0016-2590

PUBLISHER: Fukushima Society of Medical Science

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English AB

Objective: To investigate the effects of an intradermal injection of oligodeoxynucleotides (ODNs) containing unmethylated CpG motifs on Con Ainduced hepatitis, an exptl. model of immune-mediated hepatitis. Methods: Con A was injected i.v. into Balb/c mice. Twelve hours after Con A challenge, blood and liver samples were obtained. CpG ODN was injected intradermally 48 h before Con A challenge. The extent of liver injury was assessed by determining serum alanine transaminase (ALT) and by liver histol. Serum levels of cytokines, including interferon (IFN)-y, tumor necrosis factor (TNF)- α , interleukin (IL)-4 and IL-5, were measured by ELISA. Results: Coadministration of Con A and CpG ODN significantly increased serum ALT in mice compared with that in the case of administration of Con A alone (10,268±4,654 and 1,140±832 IU/1, resp., p<0.05). In liver histol., mice treated with CpG ODN and Con A showed more extensive midzonal necrosis than did mice treated with Con A alone. These mice also showed significant increases in serum $\text{TNF-}\alpha$ and IFN- γ and decrease in serum IL-5. Conclusions: The results indicate that CpG ODNs aggravate Con A-induced hepatitis by stimulating the production of Thelper-1 (Th1) cytokines, TNF- α and IFN- γ , suggesting that bacterial DNA that contains unmethylated CpG motifs may contribute to the exacerbation of immunemediated liver injury.

848512-14-1, CpG 1668

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study) (CpG-oligodeoxynucleotide aggravated Con-A induced hepatitis

with the increase in Th-1 cytokines and decrease of serum IL-5)

RN 848512-14-1 HCAPLUS

DNA, d(P-thio)(T-C-C-A-T-G-A-C-G-T-T-C-C-T-G-A-T-G-C-T) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

11028-71-0, Concanavalin A

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(CpG-oligodeoxynucleotide aggravated Con-A induced hepatitis with the increase in Th-1 cytokines and decrease of serum IL-5)

11028-71-0 HCAPLUS RN

CN Concanavalin A (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD

(1 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 4 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1087235 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:122331

TITLE: Effectiveness of intragastric immunization with

protein and oligodeoxynucleotides containing a

CpG motif for inducing a gastrointestinal

mucosal immune response in mice AUTHOR(S):

Hikichi, Takuto; Kobayashi, Hiroko; Oyama,

Hitoshi; Yamamoto, Go; Watanabe, Hiroshi; Irisawa,

Atsushi; Obara, Katsutoshi; Sato, Yukio

Department of Internal Medicine II, Fukushima Medical CORPORATE SOURCE: University School of Medicine, Fukushima, 960-1295,

SOURCE: Fukushima Journal of Medical Science (2005), 51(1),

19 - 31

CODEN: FJMSAU; ISSN: 0016-2590

PUBLISHER: Fukushima Society of Medical Science DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

Purpose: To investigate a new modality of mucosal vaccines, we evaluated the effectiveness of intragastric immunization for inducing a mucosal immune response in the gastrointestinal tract. Methods: Mice were immunized with β galactosidase (β-gal) and synthesized oligodeoxynucleotides containing a CpG motif (CpG-DNA) by intragastric injection, and the immune response was compared with those induced by 3 other immunization forms: intranasal, oral, and intradermal. Results: Intragastric immunization with β -gal and CpG-DNA induced significant anti- β -gal fecal IgA production at 2 wk; however, at 4 wk the response was lacking. In contrast, intranasal immunization with β -gal and CpG-DNA induced the highest anti- β -gal fecal IgA production at 4 wk. Conclusion: Although intragastric immunization with protein and CpG-DNA induces a mucosal immune response in the gastrointestinal tract, intranasal immunization is the most effective to induce both mucosal and systemic immune responses. This finding may increase the possibility for developing vaccines against mucosal pathogens, especially Helicobacter pylori.

ΙT 896501-02-3

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(intragastric immunization with β-galactosidase and CpG

DNA is less effective than intranasal immunization in inducing both gastrointestinal mucosal and systemic immune response)

896501-02-3 HCAPLUS RN

CN DNA, d(T-C-C-A-T-G-A-C-G-T-T-C-C-T-G-A-T-G-C-T) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD

(1 CITINGS)

THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: 3.0 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 5 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:927226 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:388675

TITLE: Guanine methylated oligo-DNA containing CpG

motifs alleviates collagen-induced arthritis in mice,

use as immunosuppressant

INVENTOR(S): Sato, Yukio; Kobayashi, Riroko

PATENT ASSIGNEE (S): Taisho Pharmaceutical Co. Ltd., Japan SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 24 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Pat.ent.

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

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PATENT NO.
                       KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
     WO 2004094448
                        A1 20041104 WO 2004-JP5935 20040423
        W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
            CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
             GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
             LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,
            NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,
             TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ,
            BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI,
             SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN,
             TD, TG
     US 20080200407
                        A1 20080821
                                           US 2005-553948
                                                                  20051021
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           JP 2003-118999
                                                              A 20030423
                                           WO 2004-JP5935
                                                              W 20040423
ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
     Polynucleotides capable of effectively suppressing the immunoactivity
     attributed to DNA having a CpG motif, to thereby find application in the
     prevention and/or treatment of immunol. diseases such as arthritis, are
     provided. In particular, polynucleotides comprising a CpG motif having a
     methylated quanine, and a pharmaceutical composition comprising the
     polynucleotide, are provided. To investigate the effects of an intradermal
     injection of an methylated oligodeoxynucleotide (ODN) containing CpG motifs on
     the severity of collagen-induced arthritis (CIA), methylated ODN containing a
     CpG motif was injected intradermally into DBA/1 LacJ mice at a dosage of 20 µg
     (yielding CpmG-CIA mice) 1 wk prior to the first immunization with bovine type
     II collagen (CII). CpmG-CIA mice had significantly lower arthritis scores
     than CIA mice or CpG-CIA mice. CpmG-CIA mice had less severe histopathol.
     changes than CIA mice and CpG-CIA mice. Moreover, splenocytes in CpG-CIA mice
     produced higher IFNy titers in response to CII than did splenocytes in CIA
     mice and mCpG-CIA mice. Injection of methylated oligo-DNA containing CpG
     motifs alleviated CIA through activation of the Th1-type immune response,
     suggesting that microbial infection could be one of the mechanisms for
     aggravation or exacerbation of arthritis or, alternatively, that such
     infection could be an adjuvant in the induction of arthritis in rheumatoid
     arthritis. Moreover, administration of methylated CpG ODN to mouse bone
     marrow-derived macrophages suppressed IL-6 and IL-12 production
    787248-92-4 787248-93-5 787248-94-6
     787248-95-7
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL
     (Biological study)
        (nucleotide sequence; quanine methylated oligo-DNA containing CpG
       motifs alleviates collagen-induced arthritis in mice, use as
        immunosuppressant)
RN
     787248-92-4 HCAPLUS
     DNA, d(T-C-C-A-T-G-A-C-G-T-T-C-C-T-G-A-T-G-C-T) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN
    787248-93-5 HCAPLUS
    DNA, d(T-C-C-A-T-G-T-C-G-T-C-C-T-G-A-T-G-C-T) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN
   787248-94-6 HCAPLUS
CN DNA, d(G-C-T-A-G-A-C-G-T-T-A-G-C-G-T) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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тт

^{***} STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE *** RN 787248-95-7 HCAPLUS

 $\texttt{CN} \qquad \texttt{DNA, d(T-C-C-A-T-A-A-C-G-T-T-C-C-T-G-A-T-G-C-T)} \quad \texttt{(9CI)} \qquad \texttt{(CA INDEX NAME)}$

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

REFERENCE COUNT: 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 6 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:805193 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:131999

TITLE: Adjuvant Effect of a 14-Member Macrolide Antibiotic on

DNA Vaccine

AUTHOR(S): Sato, Yukio; Shishido, Hideo;

Kobayashi, Hiroko; Takeda, Junko; Irisawa,

Atsushi; Miyata, Masayuki; Nishimaki, Tomoe; Fujita,

Teizo; Kasukawa, Reiji

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Internal Medicine II, Fukushima Medical

University School of Medicine, Fukushima, 960-1295, Japan

SOURCE: Cellular Immunology (1999), 197(2), 145-150

within plasmid DNA. (c) 1999 Academic Press.

CODEN: CLIMB8; ISSN: 0008-8749

PUBLISHER: Academic Press
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

AB Macrolide antibiotics have unique immunomodulatory actions apart from their antimicrobial properties. The authors examined the effect of erythromycin (EM), a 14-member macrolide, on the immune response to a DNA vaccine that induces a T-helper-1 (Th1)-biased immune response through a Th1-promoting adjuvant effect of unmethylated CpG motifs within plasmid DNA. EM enhanced Th1 responses in plasmid DNA-immunized mice as measured by antigen-specific IgG2a antibody production, interferon-y production by antigen-specific CD4+ T cells, and cytotoxic T lymphocyte responses. EM augmented the accessory cell activity of unmethylated CpG DNA-stimulated antigen-presenting cells (APCs), suggesting that EM enhances Th1 responses to a DNA vaccine, possibly through

IT 114-07-8, Erythromycin

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

augmentation of accessory cell activity of APCs stimulated with CpG motifs

(immune adjuvant effect of a 14-member macrolide antibiotic

erythromycin on DNA vaccine in relation to T-helper-1 cell enhancement)

RN 114-07-8 HCAPLUS

CN Erythromycin (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (6 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

REGISTRY DISPLAY OF REQUESTED COMPOUND

=> d

- L8 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
- RN 964-21-6 REGISTRY
- ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
- CN Guanosine, 2'-deoxy-6-0-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)
- OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
- CN 9H-Purine, 2-amino-9-(2-deoxy-β-D-erythro-pentofuranosyl)-6-methoxy-(8CI)
- CN 9H-Purine, 2-amino-9-(2-deoxy- β -D-ribofuranosy1)-6-methoxy- (7CI) OTHER NAMES:
- CN 2'-Deoxy-6-methylguanosine
- CN 2-Amino-6-methoxy-9-(2-deoxy-β-D-erythro-pentofuranosyl)purine
- CN 6-0-Methyl-2'-deoxyguanosine
- CN 6-0-Methyldeoxyguanosine
- CN 06-Methyl-2'-deoxyguanosine
- CN O6-Methyldeoxyguanosine
- FS STEREOSEARCH
- MF C11 H15 N5 O4
- LC SIN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, MEDLINE, RTECS*, SPECINFO, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.

**PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT **

152 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

6 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

152 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984

RESULTS FROM SEARCHES IN REGISTRY AND CAPLUS

=> d que stat 124 L11 STR

NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 20

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

1.13 2288 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L11 L14 1303 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L13 L15 116 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L14 AND ?PHARM? L17 17 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L14 AND CPG 1.18 133 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L15 OR L17 L19 116 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L18 AND ?PHARM? L20 7 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L19 AND ?EXCIPIENT? 24 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L17 OR L20 L23 T.24 14 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L23 AND (PRD<20030423 OR PD<20030423)

=> d ibib abs hitstr 124 1-14

L24 ANSWER 1 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:802819 HCAPLUS Full-text

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:002013

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:59895
TITLE: CPG Oligonucleotides with Modified Termini

and Nicked Dumbbell Structure Show Enhanced

Immunostimulatory Activity

AUTHOR(S): Narayanan, Sukunath; Dalpke, Alexander H.; Siegmund,

Karsten; Heeg, Klaus; Richert, Clemens

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute for Organic Chemistry, University of Karlsruhe (TH), Karlsruhe, D-76131, Germany

SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2003),

46(23), 5031-5044

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 140:59895

B A series of 21 phosphodiester oligodeoxyribonucleotides containing the core sequence 5'-GACGTT-3' or related control sequences were prepared and tested for their immunostimulatory effect on murine macrophages. The range of structural modifications tested included substituents at 3'- or 5'-termini, N3-methylation of thymidine residues, and hexaethylene glycol linkers favoring nicked or cyclic dumbbell duplexes. Lipophilic and cationic substituents at the termini failed to increase the release of TNF-a and nitric oxide, but two new types of modification were found that enhance the stimulation of RAM264.7 macrophages. One is the substitution of the 5'-terminal hydroxyl group with an amino group, and the other is the introduction of linkers favoring nicked duplexes. Even for sequences without linkers, UV-melting anal. and two-dimensional NNR showed that the core sequence 5'-GACGIT-3' readily forms a duplex. The cyclic derivative of the most active nicked dumbbell sequence is inactive, however. Together these results suggest a recognition of both the 5'-terminus and the core of the CPG oligonucleotides by the putative receptor(s) and provide an entry into a class of modified oligonucleotides whose activity rivals that of phosphorothioates, but consists of synthetic compds. that are single stereoisomers.

IT 630120-82-0D, CPG-bound

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of CpG oligonucleotide duplexes with modified termini and nicked dumbbell structure show enhanced immunostimulatory activity)

RN 630120-82-0 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-2'-deoxy-,

6-(dimethylcarbamate) 3'-(hydrogen butanedioate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD

(8 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 79 THERE ARE 79 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L24 ANSWER 2 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:750162 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:146385

TITLE: Oligoribonucleotide synthesis with the

(2-cvano-1-phenylethoxy)carbonyl (2c1peoc) group for

the 5'-Hydroxy protection

AUTHOR(S): Muench, Ursula; Pfleiderer, Wolfgang

CORPORATE SOURCE: Fachbereich Chemie, Universitat Konstanz, Konstanz,

78434, Germany

SOURCE: Helvetica Chimica Acta (2003), 86(7),

2546-2565

CODEN: HCACAV; ISSN: 0018-019X
PUBLISHER: Verlag Helvetica Chimica Acta

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 140:146385

AB The (2-cyano-1-phenylethoxy)carbonyl (2clpeoc) group was developed as a new base-labile protecting group for the 5'-OH function in solid-phase synthesis of oligoribonucleotides via the phosphoramidite approach. The half-lives of its β-elimination process by 0.1M DBU (1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene) were determined to be 7-14 s by HPLC investigations. The 2'-OH function was protected with the acid-labile tetrahydro-4-methoxy-2H-pyran-4-yl (thmp) group, while the 2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl (npe) and 2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl (npe) thosphoramidites and

nucleoside-functionalized supports, as well as the build-up of oligoribonucleotides by means of this approach are described.

IT 649759-56-8P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis and deprotection kinetics of the (2-cyano-1-phenylethoxy)carbonyl group as a base-labile protective group for 5'-hydroxy groups in nucleosides toward the solid-phase synthesis of oliopribonucleotides)

RN 649759-56-8 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 2'-deoxy-N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-6-0-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]-, 5'-(2-cyano-1-phenylethyl carbonate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 111244-92-9

RN

CN

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (synthesis and deprotection kinetics of the (2-cyano-1-phenylethoxy)carbonyl group as a base-labile protective group for 5'-hydroxy groups in nucleosides toward the solid-phase synthesis of oliopribonucleotides)

111244-92-9 HCAPLUS

Guanosine, 2'-deoxy-N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-6-0-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 155834-51-8P 195881-26-6P 195881-33-5P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(synthesis and deprotection kinetics of the (2-cyano-1-phenylethoxy) carbonyl group as a base-labile protective group for 5'-hydroxy groups in nucleosides toward the solid-phase synthesis of oligoribonucleotides)

- RN 155834-51-8 HCAPLUS
- CN Guanosine, N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-6-0-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]-2'-0-(tetrahydro-4-methoxy-2H-pyran-4-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

- RN 195881-26-6 HCAPLUS
- CN Guanosine, N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-6-0-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]-2'-0-(tetrahydro-4-methoxy-2H-pyran-4-yl)-, 5'-(2-cyano-1-phenylethyl carbonate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 195881-33-5 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-6-0-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]-2'-0-(tetrahydro-4-methoxy-2H-pyran-4-yl)-, 5'-(2-cyano-1-phenylethyl carbonate) 3'-(hydrogen butanedioate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

LCAMA-CPG-polymer support 649759-57-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis and deprotection kinetics of the (2-cyano-1-phenylethoxy)carbonyl group as a base-labile protective group for 5'-hydroxy groups in nucleosides toward the solid-phase synthesis of oligoribonucleotides)

RN 195881-27-7 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-6-0-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]-2'-0-(tetrahydro-4-methoxy-2H-pyran-4-y1)-, 3',5'-bis(2-cyano-1-phenylethyl carbonate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 195881-29-9 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-6-0-[2-(4nitrophenyl)ethyl]-2'-0-(tetrahydro-4-methoxy-2H-pyran-4-yl)-, 5'-(2-cyano-1-phenylethyl carbonate) 3'-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl bis(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

10/553,948

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O2N Ph CI

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RN 195881-33-5 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-6-0-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]-2'-0-(tetrahydro-4-methoxy-2H-pyran-4-yl)-, 5'-(2-cyano-1-phenylethyl carbonate) 3'-(hydrogen butanedioate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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- RN 649759-57-9 HCAPLUS
- CN Guanosine, 2'-deoxy-N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-6-0-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]-, 3',5'-bis(2-cyano-1-phenylethyl carbonate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

36 THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L24 ANSWER 3 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:325573 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:175314 TITLE: A versatile approach towards regioselective platinated

DNA sequences AUTHOR(S): Heetebrij, Robert J.; de Kort, Martin; Meeuwenoord,

Nico J.; den Dulk, Hans; van der Marel, Gijs A.; van

Boom, Jacques H.: Reedijk, Jan CORPORATE SOURCE: Leiden Institute of Chemistry Gorlaeus Laboratories,

Leiden University, Leiden, 2300 RA, Neth. SOURCE: Chemistry--A European Journal (2003), 9(8),

1823-1827

CODEN: CEUJED: ISSN: 0947-6539 PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE:

English CASREACT 139:175314 OTHER SOURCE(S):

Undesired N7 platination of 2'-deoxyguanosine residues at predetd, sites in an oligodeoxynucleotide (ODN) sequence is prevented by applying the sterically demanding diphenylcarbamoyl (DPC) as an O6-protecting group. The presence of a base-labile oxalyl linker between the immobilized 3'-nucleotide and controlled pore glass (CPG) allows cleavage of the protected ODN from the support and leaves DPC protection unaffected. This method provides an ODN with specifically blocked quanine-N7 sites for platination. In the hexanucleotides prepared in this study, 5'-GGBGGT-3' (for B = T, C and A), a platinum GG adduct is introduced at G4,G5. These site-specific platinated hexamers were isolated in a yield of 65%, and were fully characterized by using reversedphase HPLC (high performance liquid chromotog.), LCMS (liquid chromatog.-mass

spectrometry), MALDI-TOF MS (matrix-assisted laser desorption/ionization timeof-flight mass spectrometry), PAGE and Maxam-Gilbert sequencing anal. 109464-21-3

(versatile approach towards regioselective platinated DNA sequences) RN 109464-21-3 HCAPLUS

Guanosine, 5'-0-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-2'-deoxy-N-(1-CN oxopropyl)-, 3'-[2-cvanoethyl bis(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite] 6-(diphenylcarbamate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

ΙT 578710-55-1P 578710-56-2P 578710-57-3P 579468-80-7P 579468-81-8P 579468-79-49

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(versatile approach towards regioselective platinated DNA sequences)

RN 578710-55-1 HCAPLUS

Thymidine, $2'-\text{deoxy}-6-0-[(\text{diphenylamino})\,\text{carbonyl}]-N-(1-\text{oxopropyl})\,\text{guanylyl}-(3'\rightarrow5')-2'-\text{deoxy}-6-0-[(\text{diphenylamino})\,\text{carbonyl}]-N-(1-\text{oxopropyl})\,\text{guanylyl}-(3'\rightarrow5')-2'-\text{deoxy-veytidylyl}-(3'\rightarrow5')-2'-\text{deoxy-N-(2-methyl}-1-\text{oxopropyl})\,\text{guanylyl}-(3'\rightarrow5')-2'-\text{deoxy-N-(2-methyl}-1-\text{oxopropyl})\,\text{guanylyl}-(3'\rightarrow5')-(9CI)}$ (CA INDEX NAME)

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PAGE 2-A

RN 578710-56-2 HCAPLUS

Thymidine, 2'-deoxy-6-0-[(diphenylamino)carbonyl]-N-(1-oxopropyl)guanylyl-CN (3'→5')-2'-deoxy-6-0-[(diphenylamino)carbonyl]-N-(1oxopropyl)guanylyl- $(3'\rightarrow5')$ -thymidylyl- $(3'\rightarrow5')$ -2'-deoxy-N-(2methyl-1-oxopropyl)guanylyl-(3' \rightarrow 5')-2'-deoxy-N-(2-methyl-1oxopropyl)guanylyl-(3'→5')- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

10/553,948

8/15/10

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10/553,948

8/15/10

RN 578710-57-3 HCAPLUS

CN Thymidine, 2'-deoxy-6-0-[(diphenylamino)carbonyl]-N-(1-oxopropyl)guanylyl- $(3'\rightarrow5')-2'$ -deoxy-6-0-[(diphenylamino)carbonyl]-N-(1-oxopropyl)guanylyl-(3'\rightarrow5')-2'-deoxy-N-2-2

PAGE 1-B

Me

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PAGE 2-B

CN Platinate(3-), [2'-deoxy-6-0-[(diphenylamino)carbonyl]-N-(1-

oxopropy1) guany1y1-(3' \rightarrow 5')-2'-deoxy-6-0-[(diphenylamino)carbony1]-N-

NPh2

(1-oxopropyl)guanylyl-(3'→5')-N-benzoyl-2'-deoxycytidylyl-

(3' $\!\rightarrow\! 5$ ')-2'-deoxy-N-(2-methyl-1-oxopropyl)guanylyl- κ N7-

(3' \rightarrow 5')-2'-deoxy-N-(2-methyl-1-oxopropyl)guanylyl- κ N7-

 $(3'\rightarrow5')$ -thymidinato(5-)] $(1,2-ethanediamine-<math>\kappa N, \kappa N')-$,

trihydrogen, (SP-4-3)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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PAGE 4-A

●3 H+

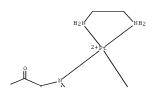
- RN 579468-80-7 HCAPLUS
- CN Platinate(3-), [2'-deoxy-6-0-[(diphenylamino)carbonyl]-N-(1-oxopropyl)guanylyl-(3' \rightarrow 5')-2'-deoxy-6-0-[(diphenylamino)carbonyl]-N-(1-oxopropyl)guanylyl-(3' \rightarrow 5')-2'+deoxy-N-(2-methyl-1-oxopropyl)guanylyl- \times N7-(3' \rightarrow 5')-2'-deoxy-N-(2-methyl-1-oxopropyl)guanylyl- \times N7-(3' \rightarrow 5')-thymidinato(5-)](1,2-ethanediamine- \times N, \times N')-, trihydrogen, (SP-4-3)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



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RN 579468-81-8 HCAPLUS



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OS.CITING REF COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD

(6 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 31 THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L24 ANSWER 4 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:45200 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:295015

TITLE: Use of allylic protecting groups for the synthesis of

base-sensitive prooligonucleotides

AUTHOR(S): Spinelli, Nicolas; Meyer, Albert; Hayakawa, Yoshihiro;

Imbach, Jean-Louis; Vasseur, Jean-Jacques

CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. de Chimie Organique Biomoleculaire de Synthese,

UMR 5625 CNRS-UM2, Universite Montpellier II,

Montpellier, 34095, Fr.

SOURCE: European Journal of Organic Chemistry (2002

), (1), 49-56

CODEN: EJOCFK; ISSN: 1434-193X

PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 136:295015

It me synthesis of mixed MeSATE-phosphotriester and -phosphodiester prooligonucleotides [MeSATE = 2-(acetylthio)ethyl] of various sequences is described. The strategy is based on the use of allyloxycarbonyl (AOC) protection for nucleobases and MeSATE and allyl (All) protection for internucleosidic phosphates, in combination with palladium(0) deprotection. The synthesis was achieved by the use of phosphoramidite chemical on a photolabile solid support, enabling MALDI-TOF mass spectrometric anal. to be performed on the still anchored prooligonucleotides.

- IT 150884-19-8 292177-56-1
 - RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation of base-sensitive prooligonucleotides using allylic and MeSATE
- protecting groups in photolabile solid-phase synthesis)
 RN 150884-19-8 HCAPLUS
- CN Guanosine, 5'-0-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-2'-deoxy-6-0-2-propenyl-N-[(2-propenyloxy)carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

- OMe

RN 292177-56-1 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 5'-0-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-2'-deoxy-6-0-2-propenyl-N-[(2-propenyloxy)carbonyl]-, 3'-[2-propenylbis(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite] [9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

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→ oMe

IT 407602-88-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation of base-sensitive prooligonucleotides using allylic and MeSATE

protecting groups in photolabile solid-phase synthesis)

RN 407602-88-4 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 5'-0-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-2'-deoxy-6-0-2-propenyl-N-[(2-propenyloxy)carbonyl]-, 3'-[2-(acetylthio)ethyl bis(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite] (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

-OMe

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 11 THERE ARE 11 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS

RECORD (11 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 39 THERE ARE 39 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD, ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L24 ANSWER 5 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:567823 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:289014

TITLE. Acid/Azole Complexes as Highly Effective Promoters in

the Synthesis of DNA and RNA Oligomers via the

Phosphoramidite Method

AUTHOR(S): Havakawa, Yoshihiro; Kawai, Rie; Hirata, Akiyoshi;

Sugimoto, Jun-ichiro; Kataoka, Masanori; Sakakura,

Akira; Hirose, Masaaki; Novori, Rvoji

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratory of Bioorganic Chemistry, Graduate School of

Human Informatics, Nagoya University, Chikusa, Nagoya,

464-8601, Japan

SOURCE: Journal of the American Chemical Society (2001), 123(34), 8165-8176

CODEN: JACSAT: ISSN: 0002-7863

PUBLISHER:

American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 135:289014

The utility of various kinds of acid salts of azole derivs. as promoters for the condensation of a nucleoside phosphoramidite and a nucleoside is investigated. Among the salts, N-(phenyl)imidazolium triflate, N-(pacetylphenyl)imidazolium triflate, N-(methyl)benzimidazolium triflate, benzimidazolium triflate, and N-(phenyl)imidazolium perchlorate have shown extremely high reactivity in a liquid phase. These reagents serve as powerful activators of deoxyribonucleoside 3'-(allyl N, N-diisopropylphosphoramidite)s or 3'-(2-cyanoethyl N, N-diisopropylphosphoramidite)s employed in the preparation of deoxyribonucleotides, and 3'-0-(tert-

butyldimethylsilyl)ribonucleoside 2'-(N,N-diisopropylphosphoramidite)s or 2'-O-(tert-butyldimethylsilyl)ribonucleoside 3'-(N,N-diisopropylphosphoramidite)s used for the formation of 2'-5' and 3'-5' internucleotide linkages between ribonucleosides, resp. The azolium salt has allowed smooth and high-yield condensation of the nucleoside phosphoramidite and a 5'-O-free nucleoside, in which equimolar amts. of the reactants and the promoter are employed in the presence of powdery mol. sieves 3A in acetonitrile. It has been shown that some azolium salts serve as excellent promoters in the solid-phase synthesis of oligodeoxyribonucleotides and oligoribonucleotides. For example, benzimidazolium triflate and N-(phenyl)imidazolium triflate can be used as

effective promoters in the synthesis of an oligodeoxyribonucleotide, 5°CGACACCCAATCTGAAAAT3' (20mer), via a method using O-allyl/N-allyloxycarbonyl-protected deoxyribonucleoside 3°-phosphoramidites or O-(2-cyanoethyl)/N-phenoxyacetyl-protected deoxyribonucleotide 3'-phosphoramidite as building blocks, resp., on high-cross-linked polystyrene resins. Further, N-(phenyl)imidazolium triflate is useful for the solid-phase synthesis of oligoribonucleotides, such as 5'ACCUACCUACCUACUUSUUS' (20mer), according to an allyl/allyloxycarbonyl-protected strategy. The utility of the azolium promoter has been also demonstrated in the liquid-phase synthesis of some biol. important substances, such as cytidine-5'-monophosphono-N-acetylneuraminic acid (CMP-Neu5Ac) and adenylyl(2'-5')adenylyl(2'-5')adenosine (2-5A core).

243844-65-7 292177-56-1

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of oligonucleotides using acid/azole salts as phosphoramidite coupling agents)

RN 243844-65-7 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-2'-O-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]-6-O-2-propenyl-N-[(2-propenyloxy)carbonyl]-, 3'-[2-propenyl bis(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite] (901) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

-OMe

RN 292177-56-1 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-2'-deoxy-6-0-2-propenyl-N-[(2-propenyloxy)carbonyl]-, 3'-[2-propenyl bis(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite] (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

— oMe

IT 361447-91-8P 361447-96-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of oligonucleotides using acid/azole salts as phosphoramidite coupling agents)

RN 361447-91-8 HCAPLUS

CN Adenosine, 5'-0-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-2'-deoxy-P-2-propenyl-6-0-2-propenyl-N-[(2-propenyloxy)carbonyl]guanylyl-(3'→5')-2'-deoxy-3'-0-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]-N-[(2-propenyloxy)carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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RN 361447-96-3 HCAPLUS

CN Cytidine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-2'-O-[(1,1dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]-P-2-propenyl-6-O-2-propenyl-N-[(2propenyloxy)carbonyl]guanylyl-(3'->5')-N-[(2-propenyloxy)carbonyl]-,
2',3'-bis(2-propenyl carbonate) (90I) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

→ OMe

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 50 THERE ARE 50 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS

RECORD (51 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 110 THERE ARE 110 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT

FORMAT

L24 ANSWER 6 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:455468 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:211223

TITLE: A facile synthesis of 5'-end solid-anchored, 3'-end

free oligodeoxyribonucleotides via the

(5'→3')-elongated phosphoramidite strategy

AUTHOR(S): Sakakura, Akira; Hayakawa, Yoshihiro

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratory of Bioorganic Chemistry, Graduate School of

Human Informatics, Nagoya University, Nagoya,

464-8601, Japan

464-8601, Japan

SOURCE: Nucleosides, Nucleotides & Nucleic Acids (2001), 20(3), 213-227

CODEN: NNNAFY; ISSN: 1525-7770

PUBLISHER: Marcel Dekker, Inc.

LISHER: Marcel Dekker, Inc.
JMENT TYPE: Journal

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 135:211223

- AB It is demonstrated that not only N2- but also O6-protection of the guanine base is necessary for obtaining the oligodeoxyribonucleotides in high yields and at a high purity in the solid-phase synthesis via the (5'→3')-chain elongated phosphoramidite approach.
- IT 158391-96-9

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (synthesis of 5'-end solid-anchored, 3'-end free

oligodeoxyribonucleotides via the $(5'\rightarrow3')$ -elongated

phosphoramidite strategy)

RN 158391-96-9 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 2'-deoxy-6-0-2-propenyl-N-[(2-propenyloxy)carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 232919-02-7P 357625-65-1P 357625-73-1P

357625-74-2P

RN

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(synthesis of 5'-end solid-anchored, 3'-end free

oligodeoxyribonucleotides via the $(5'\rightarrow3')$ -elongated phosphoramidite strategy)

232919-02-7 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 2'-deoxy-3'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-6-O-2-propenyl-N-[(2-propenyloxy)carbonyl]-, 5'-[2-propenyl bis(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

10/553,948 8/15/10

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RN 357625-65-1 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 3'-0-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-2'-deoxy-6-0-2-propenyl-N-[(2-propenyloxy)carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

- RN 357625-73-1 HCAPLUS
- CN Guanosine, 2'-deoxy-5'-0-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]-6-0-2-propenyl-N-[(2-propenyloxy)carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

- RN 357625-74-2 HCAPLUS
- CN Guanosine, 2'-deoxy-5'-0-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]-3'-0-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-6-0-2-propenyl-N-[(2-propenyloxy)carbonyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

10/553.948 8/15/10

OS.CITING REF COUNT: THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD

(1 CITINGS)

THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: 30 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L24 ANSWER 7 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:309472 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:32126

TITLE:

Nucleotides. Part 60. Synthesis and characterization of new 2'-0-methylriboside 3'-0-phosphoramidites

useful for the solid-phase synthesis of

2'-O-methyloligoribonucleotides

AUTHOR(S): Cramer, Hagen; Pfleiderer, Wolfgang

CORPORATE SOURCE: Fakultat Chemie, Univ. Konstanz, Konstanz, D-78434,

Germany

Helvetica Chimica Acta (1999), 82(4),

SOURCE:

614-632

CODEN: HCACAV: ISSN: 0018-019X PUBLISHER: Verlag Helvetica Chimica Acta

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE : English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 131:32126

A series of 2'-0-methylribonucleoside 3'-0-(2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl dialkylphosphoramidites] were synthesized, and their stability and reactivity was compared in automated oligonucleotide synthesis with standard 2'-0methylribonucleoside 3'-0- $(\beta$ -cyanoethyl diisopropylphosphoramidites). 4-O2NC6H4(CH2)2 (npe) and 4-O2NC6H4(CH2)2O2C (npeoc) groups were used for the

protection of the base moieties. 185761-02-8 185761-03-9 185761-04-0

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of riboside phosphoramidites for solid-phase synthesis of olicoribonucleotides)

RN 185761-02-8 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-2'-O-methyl-N-[[2-(4nitrophenyl)ethoxylcarbonyl]-6-0-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

10/553,948 8/15/10

RN 185761-03-9 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 5'-0-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-3'-0-methyl-N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-6-0-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 185761-04-0 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 5'-0-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-2'-0-methyl-N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-6-0-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 226882-13-9F 226882-15-1P 226882-18-4P 226882-22-0P 226882-26-4DP, long-chain

(methylamino)alkyl controlled-pore glass bound (LCMAA-CPG) 226882-26-4P 226882-32-2DP, long-chain

(methylamino)alkyl controlled-pore glass bound (LCMAA-CPG) 226882-32-2P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of riboside phosphoramidites for solid-phase synthesis of oligoribonucleotides)

RN 226882-13-9 HCAPLUS
CN Guanosine, 5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-2'-O-

CN Guanosine, 5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-2'-O-methyl-N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]]-6-O-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]-, 3'-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl] diethylphosphoramidite] [9CI] (CA INDEX NAME)

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8/15/10

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→oMe

- RN 226882-15-1 HCAPLUS
- CN Guanosine, 5'-0-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-2'-0-methyl-N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-6-0-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]-, 3'-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl bis(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

10/553,948

8/15/10

PAGE 1-B

→oMe

- RN 226882-18-4 HCAPLUS
- CN Guanosine, 5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-2'-O-methyl-N-[[2-(4nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-6-O-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]-, 3'-[2-cyanoethyl bis(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 226882-22-0 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-3'-O-methyl-N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyyl]carbonyl]-6-O-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]-, 2'-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl diethylphosphoramidite] (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

→ oMe

- RN 226882-26-4 HCAPLUS
- CN Guanosine, 5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-2'-O-methyl-N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-6-O-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]-, 3'-(hydrogen butanedioate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

- RN 226882-26-4 HCAPLUS
- CN Guanosine, 5'-0-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-2'-0-methyl-N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-6-0-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]-, 3'-(hydrogen butanedioate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- RN 226882-32-2 HCAPLUS
- CN Guanosine, 5'-0-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-3'-0-methyl-N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-6-0-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]-, 2'-(hydrogen butanedioate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- RN 226882-32-2 HCAPLUS
- CN Guanosine, 5'-0-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-3'-0-methyl-N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-6-0-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]-, 2'-(hydrogen butanedioate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

10/553.948 8/15/10

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 226882-14-0P 226882-16-2P 226882-17-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of riboside phosphoramidites for solid-phase synthesis of oligoribonucleotides)

RN 226882-14-0 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethy1]-2'-O-methy1-N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbony1]-6'-O-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethy1]-, 3'-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethy1] diethylphosphoramidite] (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

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RN 226882-16-2 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 5'-0-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-2'-0-methyl-N-[[2-(4nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-6-0-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]-, 3'-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl ethyl(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

[→] OMe

RN 226882-17-3 HCAPLUS

 $^{{\}tt CN-Guanosine,~5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-2'-O-methyl-N-[[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-2'-O-methyl-N-[[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-2'-O-methyl-N-[[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-2'-O-methyl-N-[[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-2'-O-methyl-N-[[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-2'-O-methyl-N-[[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-2'-O-methyl-N-[[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-1'-O-methyl-N-[[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl-N-[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl-N-[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl-N-[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl-N-[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl-N-[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl-N-[2-(4-methoxyphenylmethyl-N-[2-(4-methoxyphenylmethyl-N-[2-(4-methox$

10/553,948 8/15/10

nitrophenyl)ethoxy[carbonyl]-6-0-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]-,
3'-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl methyl(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite] (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

→ OMe

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD

(6 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 27 THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L24 ANSWER 8 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:740244 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:331700 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 127:65153a,65156a

TITLE: A combinatorial protecting group strategy for the solid phase preparation of oligodeoxyribonucleotides

INVENTOR(S): Koster, Hubert; Leikauf, Eckart

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Koster, Hubert, USA; Leikauf, Eckart

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 59 pp.

10/553.948 8/15/10

CODEN: PIXXD2 Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.						DATE			APPLICATION NO.									
	WO	0 9741139				A2		19971106			WO 1997-US6509								
	WO	0 9741139			A3														
		W:	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	
			DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GE,	HU,	IL,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	
			LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	
			RO.	RU.	SD.	SE.	SG.	SI.	SK.	TJ.	TM.	TR.	TT.	UA.	UG.	US.	UZ,	VN	
		RW:															FR,		
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		IP 898575													-	33,0		-	
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	3 T	2860				T		2005	0115		3 TP 1	997-	0204	2.2		1	9970	417	,
		2003										999-					9990		
											US I	999-	1/16	25		1	9990	/02	<
		6828							1207										
		2003				A1		2003	0320			002-					0020		
PRIOR	PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:										996-					9960			
																9970			
											US 1	999-	1716	25		A1 1	9990	702	<

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

- AB In general, the invention features the use of novel protection schemes and solid phase preparation reactions to generate mols. of core structure M (M is a multifunctional low mol. weight compound, such as a saccharide, amino sugar, deoxy sugar, nucleoside, nucleotide, coenzyme, amino acid, lipid, steroid, vitamin, hormone, alkaloid, or small mol. drug, which have a plurality of functionalities, each of which can be individually protected or functionalized. Thus, d(TTTT) and d(TAGCT) were prepared using an apparatus for manual preparation consisted of column type reactor fitted with a sintered glass frit, a stopcock, and a connection to a vacuum pump to remove solvents by suction or to dry the support just before the condensation step.
- IT 178313-82-1P 197963-39-6P
 - RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 - (combinatorial protecting group strategy for the solid phase preparation of oligodeoxyribonucleotides)
- RN 178313-82-1 HCAPLUS
- CN Guanosine, 2'-deoxy-N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-6-0-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]-, 3'-[5-[3-[methoxybis(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]phenoxy]-4-oxopentanoate] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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- RN 197963-39-6 HCAPLUS
- CN Guanosine, 2'-deoxy-N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-, 5'-[2-cyanoethyl bis(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite]
 - 3'-[5-[3-[methoxybis(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]phenoxy]-4-oxopentanoate]
 - 6-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl carbonate] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

10/553,948 8/15/10

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PAGE 2-A



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD

(1 CITINGS)
REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L24 ANSWER 9 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:494754 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:222358

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:222358
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 125:41581a,41584a

TITLE: Backbone modified oligonucleotide analogs and solid phase synthesis of them

INVENTOR(S): Cook, Phillip D.; Sanghvi, Yogesh S.; Morvan, Francois PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Isis Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 17 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,386,023.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

10/553.948 8/15/10

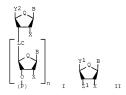
LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 327

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.			APPLICATION NO.	
US 5541307		19960730		
US 5138045		19920811	US 1990-558663	19900727 <
US 5223618	A	19930629	US 1990-566836	
US 5378825	A	19950103	US 1991-703619	19910521 <
US 5386023	A	19950131	US 1993-40903	19930331 <
US 5834607	A	19981110	US 1994-361858	19941222 <
WO 9518136	A1	19950706	WO 1994-US14883	19941228 <
W: CA, JP, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH,	DE, DK	, ES, FR, GB	, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC	, NL, PT, SE
EP 737201	A1	19961016	EP 1995-906115	19941228 <
			, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU	
AU 9726244	A	19971106	AU 1997-26244	19970624 <
AU 713740	B2	19991209		
US 6232463	B1	20010515	US 1998-128508	19980804 <
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1990-558663	
			US 1990-566836	
			US 1991-703619	
			US 1992-903160	
			US 1993-40903	
			US 1992-844845	
			US 1992-943516	B1 19920911 <
			AU 1993-38025	
			US 1993-174379	
			WO 1994-US14883	
			US 1997-948151	
ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR U	S PATEN	T AVAILABLE	IN LSUS DISPLAY FORM	AT

MARPAT 125:222358 OTHER SOURCE(S):

GI



AB Compds. and methods for preparing oligonucleotide analogs are provided. In preferred embodiments, the methods involve solid-phase coupling of synthons bearing either 3'-electrophilic groups and 5'-nucleophilic groups or 5'electrophilic groups and 3'-nucleophilic groups to form neutral, achiral oligomers. This process for forming covalent linkages comprises the steps of: (a) providing a support-bound synthon having structure I and (b) contacting

said support-bound synthon with a solution-phase synthon having structure II, said contacting being for a time and under reaction conditions effective to form a covalent linkage having structure CHN: RACH2, CH2CH: NRA, CH2RAN: CH, or RAN: CHCH2; wherein: Z1 and Y2 are selected such that (i) Z1 is C(O)H and Y2 is CH2RANH2; or (ii) Z1 is CH2RANH2 and Y2 is C(O)H; or (iii) Z1 is CH2C(O)H and Y2 is RANH2; or (iv) Z1 is RANH2 and Y2 is CH2 C(O)H; each RA is, independently, O or NR2; Y1 is OH, ORHP, CH2OH, or CH2ORHP where RHP is a hydroxyl protecting group; (P) is a solid support; each LC is, independently, a covalent linkage having the structure CH:NRACH2, CH2CH:NRA, CH2RAN:CH, RAN: CHCH2, OP(0)20CH2, or OP(S)(0)0CH2; n is 0-200; each R2 is, independently, H; alkyl or substituted alkyl having 1 to about 10 carbon atoms; alkenyl or substituted alkenyl having 2 to about 10 carbon atoms; alkynyl or substituted alkynyl having 2 to about 10 carbon atoms; alkaryl, substituted alkaryl, aralkyl, or substituted aralkyl having 7 to about 14 carbon atoms; each B is, independently, a nucleosidic base; each Q is, independently, O or S; and each X is, independently, H. OH, alkyl or substituted alkyl having 1 to about 10 carbon atoms, F, Cl, Br, CN, CF3, OCF3, OCN, O-alkyl, S-alkyl, or N-alkyl. Thus, e.g., 5'-0-phthalimidothymidine was loaded onto succinyl-CPG whose free amino groups were capped [HO2C(CH2)2CONMe-CPG-NMe2] to provide 5'-Ophthalimido-3'-0-(succinyl-CPG-NMe2)thymidine; deprotection to the 5'-0-amino was followed by 10 cycles of coupling/deprotection with 5'-O-phthalimido-3'formyl-3'-deoxythymidine and a final coupling with 5'-tert-butyldiphenylsilyl-3'-formvl-3'- deoxythymidine to provide a bound oxime-linked oligonucleoside; reduction of the latter with NaCNBH3 provided the bound aminohydroxyl-linked oligonucleoside which upon methylation with formaldehyde/NaCNBH3 provided the bound oligomer with 3'-de(oxyphosphinico)-3'-[methylene(methylimino)] 3'-CH2-NMe-O-5' backbone; oligomer was cleaved from the solid support with 30% NH3. deprotected with TBAF, and purified to provide T12 with 3'-de(oxyphosphinico)-3'-[methylene(methylimino)] backbone.

ΙT 161388-91-6

RN

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(solid-phase synthesis of backbone modified oligonucleotide analogs)

161388-91-6 HCAPLUS CN Guanosine, 2'-deoxy-N-(2-methyl-1-oxopropyl)-, 6-(diphenylcarbamate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

166758-20-9DP, succinvl controlled pore glass bound 166758-20-99

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(solid-phase synthesis of backbone modified oligonucleotide analogs) 166758-20-9 HCAPLUS RN

CN Guanosine, 2',5'-dideoxy-5'-[(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindo1-2-y1)oxy]-N-(2-methyl-1-oxopropyl)-, 6-(diphenylcarbamate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

166758-20-9 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 2',5'-dideoxy-5'-[(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindol-2-yl)oxy]-N-(2-methyl-1-oxopropyl)-, 6-(diphenylcarbamate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 32 THERE ARE 32 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS

RECORD (32 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L24 ANSWER 10 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:309975 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:58965

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 125:11357a,11360a

TITLE: A combinatorial protecting group strategy for

oligonucleotide synthesis

AUTHOR(S): Dumontet, Vincent; Thoison, Odile; Omobuwajo,

Olamrewaju R.; Martin, Marie-Therese; Perromat, Guillaume; Chiaroni, Angele; Riche, Claude; Pais,

Mary; Sevenet, Thierry; Hadi, A. Hamid A.

Inst Chim. Substances Naturelles, C.N.R.S.,

Gif-sur-Yvette, D-20146, Fr.

SOURCE: Tetrahedron (1996), 52(20), 6913-6930

CODEN: TETRAB; ISSN: 0040-4020

PUBLISHER: Elsevier

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

CORPORATE SOURCE:

LANGUAGE: English

AB A novel 5'-3' directed DNA synthesis will be described. Together with addnl. investigations on model compds. a synthetic strategy is established which allows multi-selective deprotections. This offers the potential to either generate oligonucleotides in different sequence specific

protection/functionalization states or to create a combinatorial set of mols. available for specific mol. interaction or recognition expts.

IT 131920-31-5

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(combinatorial protecting group strategy for the preparation of antitumor oligodeoxyribonucleotides)

RN 131920-31-5 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-2'-deoxy-N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-6-O-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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IT 178313-82-1P 178313-86-5P 178313-93-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(combinatorial protecting group strategy for the preparation of antitumor oligodeoxyribonucleotides)

RN 178313-82-1 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 2'-deoxy-N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-6-0-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]-, 3'-[5-[3-[methoxybis/4-methoxyphenyl]methyl]phenoxy]-4-oxopentanoate] (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

- 178313-86-5 HCAPLUS RN
- Guanosine, 2'-deoxy-N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-, 5'-[2-cyanoethyl bis(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite]

 - 3'-[5-[3-[methoxybis(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]phenoxy]-4-oxopentanoate] 6-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl carbonate], (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

RN 178313-93-4 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 2'-deoxy-N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-, 5'-[2-cyanoethyl bis(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite] 3'-[5-[3-(methoxybis(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]phenoxy]-4-oxopentanoate] 6-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl carbonate], (5)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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PAGE 2-A



L24 ANSWER 11 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN 1995:23912 HCAPLUS Full-text ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:56474 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 123:10191a,10194a

TITLE: Nucleotides. Part XLIII. Solid-phase synthesis of

oligoribonucleotides using the 2-dansylethoxycarbonyl

(=2-{[5-(dimethylamino)naphthalen-1-

yl]sulfonyl}ethoxycarbonyl; Dnseoc) group for

5'-hydroxy protection

AUTHOR(S): Bergmann, Frank; Pfleiderer, Wolfgang

CORPORATE SOURCE: Fakultaet fuer Chemie, Universitaet Konstanz,

Konstanz, D-78434, Germany

Helvetica Chimica Acta (1994), 77(4), 988-98 SOURCE:

CODEN: HCACAV; ISSN: 0018-019X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal 10/553.948 8/15/10

LANGUAGE:

English

- AB A new efficient method for solid-phase of oligoribonucleotides via the phosphoramidite approach is described. The combination of the base-labile 2-dansylethoxycarbonyl (Dnseoc) group for 5'-OH protection with the acid-labile tetrahydro-4-methoxy-ZH-pyran-4-yl (Thmp) group as 2'-OH blocking group is orthogonal regarding cleavage reactions and fulfills the requirements of an automated synthesis in an excellent manner if the phosphoramidite function carries the N, M-diethyl-o-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl|substitution.
- IT 155866-03-8D, LCAMA-CPG polymer support
 - RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
- (preparation and reaction of, in preparation of oligoribonucleotides)
- RN 155866-03-8 HCAPLUS
- CN Guansine, N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxylcarbonyl]-6-0-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]-2'-0-(tetrahydro-4-methoxy-2H-pyran-4-yl)-, 5'-[2-([5-(dimethylamino)-1-naphthalenyl]sulfonyl]ethyl carbonate] 3'-[4-(hydroxymethyl)-8,15-dimethyl-2,7,16-trioxo-3,6-dioxa-8,15-diazanonadecan-9-oate] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

- IT 155865-92-2
 - RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction of, in preparation of oligoribonucleotides)
- RN 155865-92-2 HCAPLUS
- CN Guanosine, N-[[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy]carbonyl]-6-0-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]-2'-0-(tetrahydro-4-methoxy-2H-pyran-4-yl)-, 5'-[2-[[5-(dimethylamino)-1-naphthalenyl]sulfonyl]ethyl carbonate] 3'-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl diethylphosphoramidite] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

10/553,948 8/15/10

PAGE 2-B



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (12 CITINGS)

L24 ANSWER 12 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:591837 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:191837

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 113:32493a,32496a

TITLE: Improved synthesis of oligodeoxyribonucleotides
AUTHOR(S): Stengele, Klaus Peter; Pfleiderer, Wolfgang

CORPORATE SOURCE: Fak. Chem., Univ. Konstanz, Konstanz, D-7750, Germany

SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (1990), 31(18), 2549-52

CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The design of a new polymer support in combination with well-known β -eliminating protecting groups offers an improved approach for outfoundated oligonucleotide synthesis. This procedure allows preparation of fully deblocked but still support-bound oligomers, which result on final release in high yield, easy isolation, and high purity.

IT 129904-71-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

RN 129904-71-8 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxypheny1)phenylmethy1]-2'-deoxy-N-[[2-(4-nitropheny1)ethoxy]carbony1]-6-O-[2-(4-nitropheny1)ethy1]-,

3'-[2-cyanoethyl bis(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-A

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 37 THERE ARE 37 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (37 CITINGS)

L24 ANSWER 13 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:459388 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 107:59388 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 107:9877a

TITLE: Application of 2-cyanoethyl

N.N.N'.N'-tetraisopropylphosphorodiamidite for in situ preparation of deoxyribonucleoside phosphoramidites

and their use in polymer-supported synthesis of oligodeoxyribonucleotides

AUTHOR(S): Nielsen, John; Taagaard, Michael; Marugg, John E.; Van

Boom, Jacques H.; Dahl, Otto

Dep. Gen. Org. Chem., Univ. Copenhagen, Copenhagen,

CORPORATE SOURCE: DK-2100, Den.

Nucleic Acids Research (1986), 14(18), SOURCE:

7391-403

CODEN: NARHAD; ISSN: 0305-1048

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE:

English

Deoxyribonucleoside phosphoramidites are prepared in situ from 5'-0, Nprotected deoxyribonucleosides and NCCH2CH2P[N(CHMe2)2]2 with tetrazole as catalyst, and the solns. applied directly on an automatic solid-phase DNA synthesizer. Using LCAA-CPG support and a cycle time of 12.5 min,

oligonucleotides of 16-25 bases are obtained with a dimethoxytritylationefficiency per cycle of 98.0-99.3%. The crude and fully deblocked products are of a purity comparable to that obtained using purified phosphoramidites.

IT 109464-21-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and nucleotide synthesis with, on solid phase)

RN 109464-21-3 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 5'-0-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-2'-deoxy-N-(1-oxpropyl)-, 3'-[2-cyanoethyl bis(1-methylethyl)phosphoramidite] 6-(diphenylcarbamate) [9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

TT 87036-65-5

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reaction of, with cyanoethyltetraisopropylphosphorodiamidite)

RN 87036-65-5 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 5'-O-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]-2'-deoxy-N-(1-oxopropyl)-, 6-(diphenylcarbamate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 26 THERE ARE 26 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (26 CITINGS)

L24 ANSWER 14 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:187016 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 100:187016

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 100:28363a,28366a

TITLE: Enzymic removal of 06-ethylguanine versus stability of O4-ethylthymine in the DNA of rat tissues exposed to the carcinogen ethylnitrosourea: possible interference of quanine-O6 alkylation with 5-cytosine

10/553.948 8/15/10

methylation in the DNA of replicating target cells AUTHOR(S): Mueller, Rolf; Rajewsky, Manfred F.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Zellbiol., Univ. Essen, Essen, D-4300/1, Fed.

Rep. Ger.
SOURCE: Zeitschrift fuer Naturforschung, C: Journal of

Biosciences (1983), 38C(11-12), 1023-9 CODEN: ZNCBDA: ISSN: 0341-0382

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Journal English

To compare the kinetics of their enzymic elimination from the DNA of liver, AB kidney, lung, and brain, the alkylation products O4-ethyl-2'-deoxythymidine (O4-EtdThd) [59495-22-6] and O6-ethvl-2'-deoxyguanosine (O6-EtdGuo) [50704-46-6] were quantitated by competitive radioimmunoassay over a period of 48 h after a single pulse of N-ethyl-N-nitrosourea (EtNU) [759-73-9] applied i.p. to 10- and 28-day-old BDIX-rats. The content of O4-EtdThd in the DNA of all organs analyzed remained stable, while O6-EtdGuo (initially formed in DNA with 3-4 times higher frequency than O4-EtdThd) was rapidly removed from the DNA of liver, followed by lung and kidney, but persisted strongly in the DNA of brain. At 48 h after the EtNU-pulse, the O4-EtdThd content of liver DNA exceeded the O6-EtdGuo content by about a factor of 4. Since O6-EtdGuo and O4-EtdThd are miscoding DNA lesions, the lack of enzymic removal of O4-EtdThd is surprising in view of the apparent concern of cells to restore the integrity of the O6-position of quanine. Genetic consequences more specifically connected with the formation of O6-alkylquanine in DNA might be considered, e.g., possible alterations of gene expression via interference with enzymic 5-cytosine methylation in 5'-CpG-3' sequences of newly replicated

IT 50704-46-6

RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)

(formation of, in DNA, ethylnitrosourea induction of, enzymic removal in relation to)

RN 50704-46-6 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 2'-deoxy-6-0-ethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

10/553.948 8/15/10

SEARCH HISTORY

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- 547 SEA ABB=ON "SATO YUKIO"/AU
- T.2 196 SEA ABB=ON "KOBAYASHI HIROKO"/AU
- 11 SEA ABB=ON L1 AND L2 L3 10 SEA ABB=ON L3 AND CPG T. 4
- SELECT RN L4 1-10

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:58:46 ON 15 AUG 2010

10 SEA ABB=ON (848512-14-1/BI OR 11028-71-0/BI OR 114-07-8/BI OR 57-13-6/BI OR 787248-92-4/BI OR 787248-93-5/BI OR 787248-94-6/B I OR 787248-95-7/BI OR 896501-02-3/BI OR 9000-86-6/BI)

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:58:54 ON 15 AUG 2010 L6 6 SEA ABB=ON L4 AND L5

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:04:04 ON 15 AUG 2010 0 SEA ABB=ON 6-0-METHYL-2-DEOXYGUANOSINE/CN L7

- E DEOXYGUANOSINE/CN
- 1.8 1 SEA ABB=ON 964-21-6/RN

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:05:34 ON 15 AUG 2010

L9 154 SEA ABB=ON L8 OR 6(W)O(W)METHYL?(W)2(W)?DEOXYGUANOSINE?

L10 0 SEA ABB=ON L9 AND CPG

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:06:21 ON 15 AUG 2010

- L11 STRUCTURE 964-21-6 L12 50 SEA SSS SAM L11
- L13 2288 SEA SSS FUL L11

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:06:44 ON 15 AUG 2010

- 1303 SEA ABB=ON L13 116 SEA ABB=ON L14 AND ?PHARM? L14
- L15
- L16 7 SEA ABB=ON L15 AND ?EXCIPIENT?
- L17 17 SEA ABB=ON L14 AND CPG
- L18 133 SEA ABB=ON L15 OR L17
- L19 116 SEA ABB=ON L18 AND ?PHARM?
- 7 SEA ABB=ON L19 AND ?EXCIPIENT? L20
- 0 SEA ABB=ON L7 AND CPG 0 SEA ABB=ON L19 AND CPG L21 L22
- L23 24 SEA ABB=ON L17 OR L20
- L24 14 SEA ABB=ON L23 AND (PRD<20030423 OR PD<20030423)

FILE HOME

FILE HCAPLUS

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